



William D. Gore
Sheriff

San Diego County

SHERIFF

LINE-UP TRAINING

Tactical Handcuff Lead

Topic # 83

After discussing/reviewing the below training material in line-up (briefing), sworn staff shall sign off as completed in LMS. In the event a staff member is not present when this topic is discussed in line-up, they shall independently read, review, and complete the training.

Completion of this line-up training topic includes reviewing the associated video available on the DTU SharePoint site (<V:\DTU In-Service\TRAINING VIDEOS\Tact Handcuff Lead v2 large.mp4>).

By clicking "Yes" to "Have you completed this activity?" in LMS, you are attesting that you have viewed, read, and completed the training activity.

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this training is to familiarize staff with the proper procedures on the use of the tactical handcuff lead.

II. POLICY

This training is conducted in adherence to [DSB P&P Section I.93 – Use of Restraint Equipment](#).

III. DISCUSSION

The tactical handcuff lead is approximately six feet long with a hand loop at one end and a handcuff loop at the other end.



Review Date: 03-19-19

This Line-Up Training Topic was prepared by the Detention In-Service Training Unit.



The tactical handcuff lead is secured onto the links between the handcuffs by passing the handcuff loop through the hand loop and pulling the lead taut.

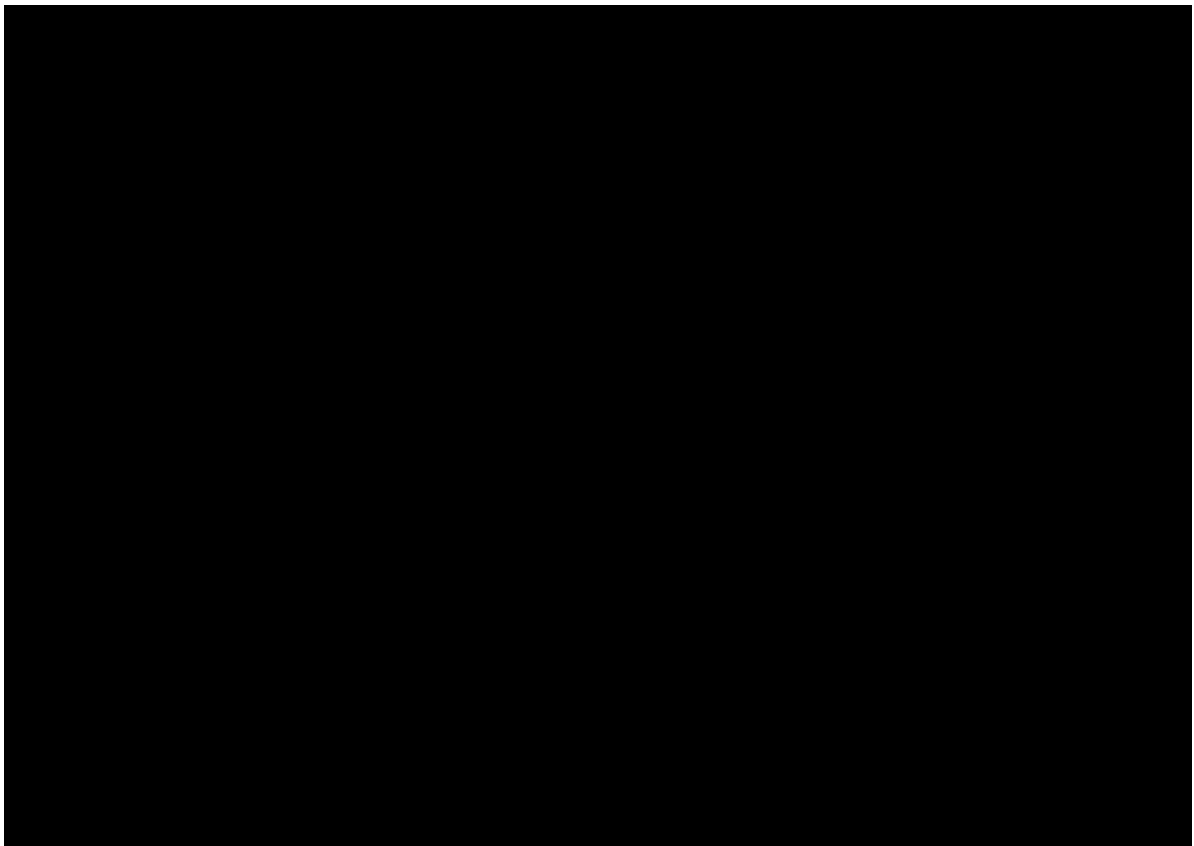
The purpose of the tactical handcuff lead is to facilitate the safe removal of handcuffs from an uncooperative inmate through a cell door food flap. Use of the tactical handcuff lead also provides deputies with the ability to retain the handcuffs in the event the inmate attempts to pull away in the cell.

The tactical handcuff lead is not to be carried on the deputy's person when not in use. The tactical handcuff lead is not intended to be used as a "cord cuff" restraint or on an inmate who is too intoxicated to stand or walk on their own.

In and of itself, use of the tactical handcuff lead is not considered force unless it is used to overcome resistance.



When properly used, the lead will allow the deputy to remove the handcuffs through the food flap, limiting the risk of injury to the deputies' hands or arms. Furthermore, the deputy will be able to retain the handcuffs in the event the inmate attempts to pull away during the removal of the handcuffs.



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